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		SHARP CORPORATION	LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY
			DISPLAY DIVISION I

DEVICE SPECIFICATION FOR

TFT-LCD Cell

MODEL No. LK315T3HA48

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL	To To
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SHARP CORPORATION



# RECORDS OF REVISION

MODEL No.: LK315T3HA48

SPEC No.: LD-K23140

DATE	NO.	REVISED No.	PAGE	SUMMARY	NOTE
2011.1.31	LD-K23140	<u>.</u>			1 <sup>st</sup> Issue
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#### 1. Application

This specification applies to the color 31.5" TFT-LCD Open-Cell (LK315T3HA48).

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#### 2. Overview

This Open-Cell is a color active matrix LCD panel incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (<u>Thin Film Transistor</u>). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, Source-Control and Source-PWB.

Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 1366×RGB×768 dots panel with 16,777,216 colors by using LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) for the interface and +12V DC supply voltage, which are put into Source-Control PWB.

This applies the Over Shoot driving (O/S driving) technology, signals are being applied to the Liquid Crystal according to a pre-fixed process as image signals of the present frame when a difference is found between image signals of the previous and current frame by comparing each other. The O/S driving technology makes the Liquid Crystal response within 1 frame completely, motion blur reduce, so that clearer display performance can be realized.

3. Mechanical specifications

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Dienlesseine	80.039 (Diagonal)	cm
Display size	31.5 (Diagonal)	inch
Active area	697.69 (H) × 392.26 (V)	mm
Pixel Format	1366 (H) × 768 (V)	pixel
Fixel Format	(1pixel = R + G + B dot)	pixei
Pixel pitch	0.51075(H) × 0.51075 (V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R,G, B vertical stripe	
Display mode	Normally black	
Outline Dimensions [Note1]	716.7(W) × 447.6(H) × 1.8(D)	mm
Mass	1.15±0.1	kg
	Low-Haze Anti Glare, Hard coating	
Surface treatment [Note2]	Surface Hardness;	
(Polarizer)	2H: CF side (Front)	
	<6B: TFT side (Rear)	

[Note1] Outline dimensions are shown in P18.

[Note2] Without the protection film.



## 4. Interface specifications

## 4.1. TFT panel driving

CN1 (Interface signals and +12V DC power supply; shown in Fig.1)

Used connector: GT103-30S-H23-D-E2500 (LSMtron) Mated connector: FI-X30H/FI-X30HL, FI-X30C/FI-X30C2L

or FI-X30M (Japan Aviation Electronics Ind., Ltd.)

Mated LVDS transmitter: THC63LVDM83R (THine) or equivalent device

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark			
1	VCC	+12V Power Supply				
2	VCC	+12V Power Supply				
3	VCC	+12V Power Supply				
4	VCC ·	+12V Power Supply				
5	GND	Ground				
6	GND	Ground				
7	GND	Ground				
8	GND	Ground				
9	SELLVDS	Select LVDS data order [Note 1]	Default: Pull down (L:GND) [Note 2]			
10	Reserved	Not Available				
11	GND	Ground				
12	RIN0-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS			
13	RIN0+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS			
14	GND	Ground				
15	RIN1-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS			
16	RIN1+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS			
17	GND	Ground				
18	RIN2-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS			
19	RIN2+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS			
20	GND	Ground				
21	CLKIN-	Clock Signal(-)	LVDS			
22	CLKIN+	Clock Signal(+)	LVDS			
23	GND	Ground				
24	RIN3-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS			
25	RIN3+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS			
26	GND	Ground				
27	Reserved	Not Available				
28	Reserved	Not Available				
	GND	Ground				
29	GND	Ground	V			

[Note] GND of a liquid crystal panel drive part has connected with a module chassis.

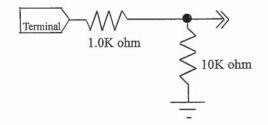


[Note1] LVDS data order

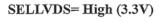
Transmitter  Pin No. Data		SELLV	DS .
in No	Data	=L(GND) or Open	= H(3.3V)
51	TA0	R0(LSB)	R2
52	TA1	R1	R3
54	TA2	R2	R4
55	TA3	R3	R5
56	TA4	R4	R6
3	TA5	R5	R7(MSB)
4	TA6	G0(LSB)	G2
6	TB0	G1	G3
7	TB1	G2	G4
11	TB2	G3	G5
12	TB3	G4	G6
14	TB4	G5	G7(MSB)
15	TB5	B0(LSB)	B2
19	TB6	B1	В3
20	TC0	B2	B4
22	TC1	B3	B5
23	TC2	B4	В6
24	TC3	B5	B7(MSB)
27	TC4	NA	NA
28	TC5	NA	NA
30	TC6	DE(*)	DE(*)
50	TD0	R6	R0(LSB)
2	TD1	R7(MSB)	R1
8	TD2	G6	G0(LSB)
10	TD3	G7(MSB)	G1
16	TD4	B6	B0(LSB)
18	TD5	B7(MSB)	B1
25	TD6	NA	NA

NA: Not Available

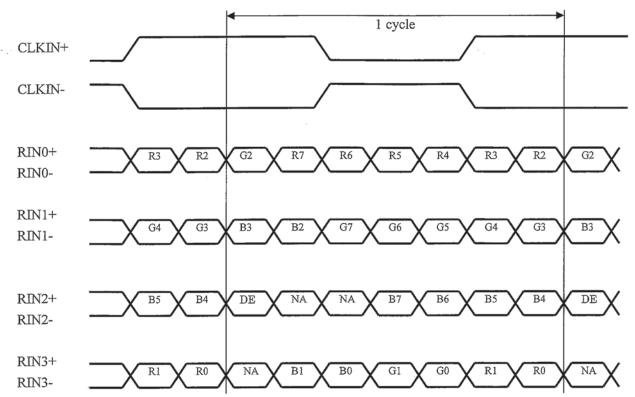
[Note 2] The equivalent circuit figure of the terminal



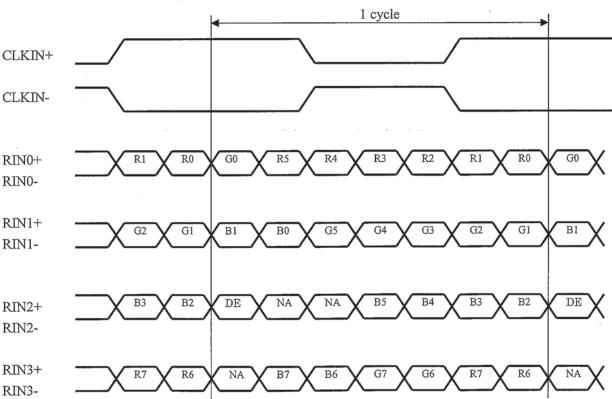
<sup>(\*)</sup> Since the display position is prescribed by the rise of DE (Display Enable) signal, please do not fix DE signal at "High " during operation.



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#### SELLVDS= Low (GND) or Open



DE: Display Enable

NA: Not Available (Fixed Low)



#### 4.2. Interface block diagram

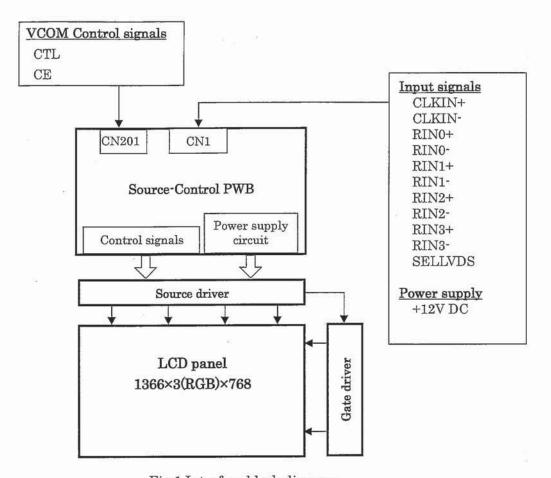
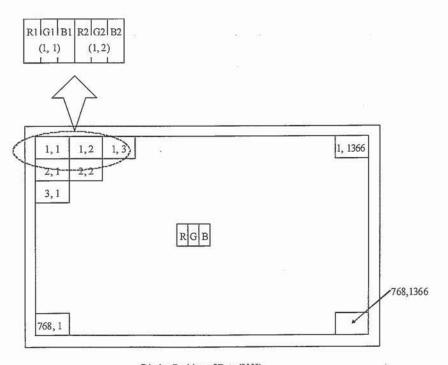


Fig.1 Interface block diagram

#### 4.3. Display position of data



Display Position of Data (V,H)

#### 4.4. Vcom Adjusting interface of Source-Control PWB

CN201 (Interface Vcom Adjusting) in Source-Control PWB

Using Via Hole

: 1.5mm Pitch ( $\phi$ 0.7mm)

Mated connector

: (housing) 5P-SZN, (contact) SZN-002T-P0.7K (JST Co., Ltd.)

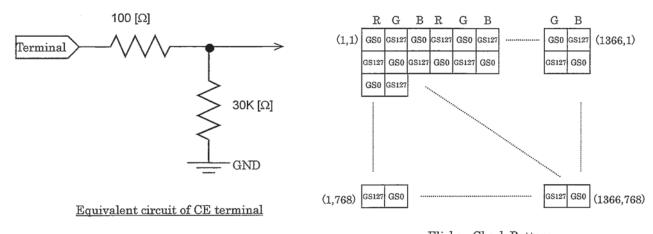
Communication method: Pulse control method

	Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
	1	NC	-	
Ī	2	NC	-	
	3	GND	Signal GND	
	4	CTL	Control Signal [Note1]	
	5	CE	Chip Enable [Note1]	Pull down to GND [Note2]

[Note1] Refer to specifications of MAX1512 (MAXIM) for Vcom adjustment.

You should adjust a flicker to be minimized in below pattern, where the gray level of "0" and "127" are displayed alternately at every subpixel, otherwise images may be remained on the screen.

[Note2] The equivalent circuit figure of the terminal is as below:



Flicker-Check Pattern

#### 5. Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Input voltage (for Source-Control PWB)	VI	Ta=25°C	-0.3 ~ +3.6	V	[Note 1]
+12V supply voltage (for Source-Control PWB)	$V_{CC}$	Ta=25°C	0 ~ +15	V	
Vcom control voltage	$V_{CTL}$	Ta=25°C	-0.3 ~ +16	V	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-	-25 ~ +60	°C	D.Y. ( 03
Operation temperature (Ambient)	Topa	-	0 ~ +50	,∘C	[Note 2]

[Note 1] SELLVDS

[Note 2] Humidity 95%RH Max.(Ta  $\leq$  40°C)

Maximum wet-bulb temperature is 39°C or less (Ta > 40°C). No condensation.

#### **Electrical characteristics**

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#### 6.1. Electrical characteristics of input signals

Ta=25°C

Pa	ramet	er	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Uniit	Remark
	Sup	ply voltage	$V_{CC}$	+11.4	+12.0	+12.6	V	[Note 1]
+12V supply		Comment	$I_{CC}$	-	330	600	mA	[Note 2]
voltage		Current	I <sub>RUSH</sub>	-	1100	2500	mA	[Note 5]
	co	nsumption	T <sub>RUSH</sub>	-	0.5	-	ms	[Note 5]
Permissible in	nput r	ipple voltage	V <sub>RP</sub>	-	-	100	mV <sub>P-P</sub>	Vcc = +12.0V
Differential in	Differential input   High		$V_{TH}$	-	-	100	mV	$*V_{CM} = +1.2V$
threshold vol	tage	Low	V <sub>TL</sub>	-100	_	-	mV	[Note 4]
Input I	low vo	oltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	0	-	0.7	V	[Note 3]
Input h	igh v	oltage	$V_{IH}$	2.6	-	3.3	V	[140te 3]
Input leak	curre	ent (Low)	$I_{IL}$	-	-	400	μΑ	$V_I = 0V$ [Note 3]
Input leak	Input leak current (High)			-	-	100	μА	V <sub>I</sub> =3.3V [Note 3]
Termi	nal re	sistor	R <sub>T</sub>	-	100	-	Ω	Differential input

[Note] \*Vcm: Common mode voltage of LVDS driver.

### [Note 1]

Input voltage sequences

 $50us < t1 \le 20ms$ 

20ms< t2-1

20ms< t2-2

 $0 < t3 \le 1s$ 

 $t4 \ge 1s$ 

t5 ≥ 300ms

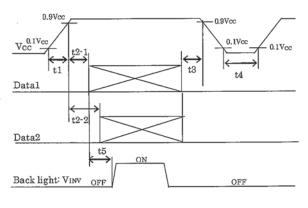
Dip conditions for supply voltage

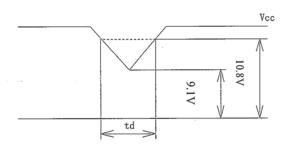
a) 
$$9.1V \le V_{CC} \le 10.8V$$

 $td \le 10ms$ 

b) 
$$V_{CC} < 9.1V$$

Dip conditions for supply voltage is based on input voltage sequence.

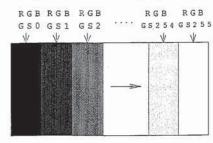




- Data1: CLKIN±,RIN0±,RIN1±, RIN2±, RIN3±
- Data2: SELLVDS
- X About the relation between data input and back light lighting, we recommend the above-mentioned input sequence.

If the back light is switched on before a panel operation begins or after a panel operation stops, the screen may not be displayed properly. But this phenomenon is not caused by change of an incoming signal, and does not give damage to a liquid crystal display.

[Note 2]Typical current situation: 256 gray-bar pattern ( $V_{CC}$  = +12.0V) The explanation of RGB gray scale is seen in section 8.

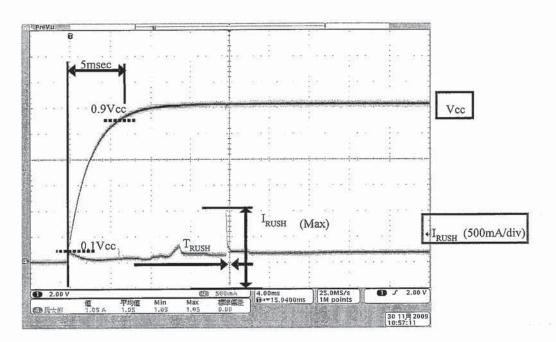


$$V_{CC} = +12.0V$$
  
 $CK = 82.0MHz$   
 $Th = 20.68\mu s$ 

[Note 3] SELLVDS

[Note 4] CLKIN+/CLKIN-, RIN0+/RIN0-, RIN1+/RIN1-, RIN2+/RIN2-, RIN3+/RIN3-

[Note 5] The rush current corrugation at the time of power on



4ms/div

### 6.2. Timing characteristics of input signals

Timing diagrams of input signal are shown in Fig.2

	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	72	82	85	MHz
	Horizontal period	TH	1540	1696	1940	clock
	Horizontal period	111	19.84	20.68	-	μs
Data enable signal	Horizontal period (High)	THd	1366	1366	1366	clock
	Vertical period	TV	778	806	972	line
	Vertical period (High)	TVd	768	768	768	line

[Note] \*When a vertical period is very long, a flicker may occur.

We will check the display operation for your final setting of drive timing, so please inform us of your final setting.

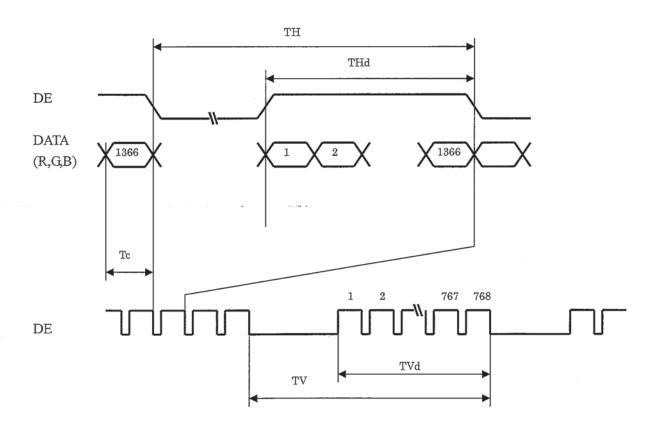


Fig.2 Timing diagram of input signals

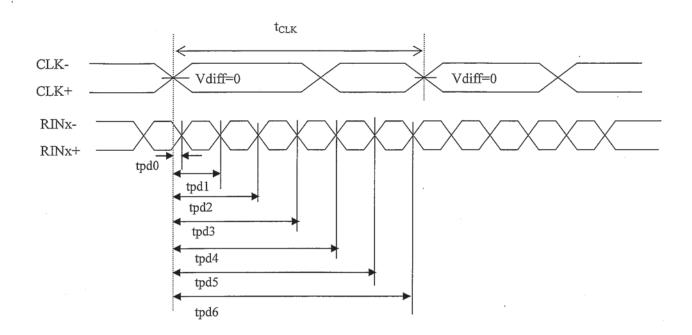
<sup>\*</sup>Please turn off the module after it shows the black screen.

<sup>\*</sup>Please make sure that a length of vertical period should be an integral multiple of horizontal period, otherwise the screen may not display properly.

<sup>\*</sup>Please be careful not to fall below the minimum horizontal period, otherwise the display may be dark.



#### 6.3. LVDS signal characteristics



	The item	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	unit
Data position	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 0	tpd0	-0.40	0	0.40	ns
•	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 1	tpd1	typ-0.40	1* t <sub>CLK</sub> /7	typ+0.40	
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 2	tpd2	typ-0.40	2* t <sub>CLK</sub> /7	typ+0.40	
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 3	tpd3	typ-0.40	3* t <sub>CLK</sub> /7	typ+0.40	
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 4	tpd4	typ-0.40	4* t <sub>CLK</sub> /7	typ+0.40	
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 5	tpd5	typ-0.40	5* t <sub>CLK</sub> /7	typ+0.40	
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 6	tpd6	typ-0.40	6* t <sub>CLK</sub> /7	typ+0.40	



7. Input signal, basic display colors and gray scale of each color

Fig.	7.	Input	signa	ι, υ	asic	ur	spra	iy c	OTO	Sa	ши	gra	y sc	care	OI	eac	н с	0101									
State   Caray Rotal   Caray Rotal														Data	sign	ıal											
Scale			Gray	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	G7	В0	В1	B2	В3	. B4	B5	В6	В7
Fig.		Gray scale	Scale																								
Figure   F		Black		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0,	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0_
Fig.   Cyan		Blue		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	. 1
Magenta	or.	Green	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1_	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Magenta	Col	Cyan	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	_ 1	1	1	1
Magenta	asic	Red	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
White		Magenta		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Black   GSO   GS		Yellow		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Parker   GSC   1	Ш	White		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parker   GSZ   O   1   O   O   O   O   O   O   O   O		Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black   GSC   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S	p	Û	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black   GSC   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S	f Re	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black   GSC   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S	le o	Û	<b>.</b> .					L							1	l l							,	$\downarrow$			
Black   GSC   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S	Sca	Û	<b>4</b>	-				<u>ل</u> ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ								<u> </u>								ν			
Black   GSC   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S	Gray	Brighter	GS253	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black GS0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		û	GS254	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fig. 681 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Red	GS255	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Darker   GS2   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0		Black	GS0	0	0	0	0_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green GS255 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0	en	Û	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green GS255 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0	Gre	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green GS255 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0	e of	Û	Ψ					V							1								`	$\downarrow$			
Green GS255 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0	Scal	Û	<b>V</b>				\	l								<u> </u>								<u> </u>			
Green GS255 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0	ìray	Brighter	GS253	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1 .	1	0	0	0.	0	0	0	0	0
Black GS0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Û	GS254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0_	0	0	0	0	0	0
The second of th	Щ	Green	GS255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Darker   GS2   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3         GS254         0 <td>e  </td> <td>Û</td> <td>GS1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td>	e	Û	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3         GS254         0 <td>f Blu</td> <td>Darker</td> <td>GS2</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td>	f Blu	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
3         GS254         0 <td>le o</td> <td>Û</td> <td>↓</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>V</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td><b>/</b></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>`</td> <td>V</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	le o	Û	↓					V							1	<b>/</b>							`	V			
3         GS254         0 <td>Sca</td> <td>Û</td> <td>Ψ.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>ν<u> </u></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td><u> </u></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>`</td> <td>ν</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Sca	Û	Ψ.					ν <u> </u>								<u> </u>							`	ν			
3         GS254         0 <td>Gray</td> <td>Brighter</td> <td>GS253</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td>	Gray	Brighter	GS253	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Blue GS255 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1		Û	GS254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0_	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		Blue	GS255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

<sup>0:</sup> Low level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 256 gray scales from 8 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 24 bit data signals, the 16,777,216 colors can be displayed on the screen.

<sup>1:</sup> High level voltage



#### 8. Optical characteristics

Ta	=	25	5°C,	Vcc	=	+12	2V

Parar	neter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Viewing angle	Horizontal	<i>θ</i> 21 <i>θ</i> 22	CR ≥ 10	70	88	-	Deg.	[Note1,4]
range	Vertical	<i>θ</i> 11 <i>θ</i> 12	CR 2 10	70	88	-	Deg.	[140161,4]
Contra	st ratio	CRn		3500	5000	-		[Note2,4]
Respon	se time	$ au_{ m DRV}$		-	7	-	ms	[Note3,4,5]
Charactici	t. of	Х		Typ0.03	0.283	Typ.+0.03	-	
Chromatici	ty of white	у		Typ0.03	0.299	Typ.+0.03	1	
Chromotic	ity of rod	х	$\theta$ =0 deg.	Typ0.03	0.612	Typ.+0.03	-	
Chromatic	ity of red	у		Typ0.03	0.340	Typ.+0.03	-	[Note 4]
Charamatici		X		Typ0.03	0.283	Typ.+0.03	1	[Note 4]
Chromatici	ty of green	у		Typ0.03	0.562	Typ.+0.03	-	
C1		х		Typ0.03	0.144	Typ.+0.03	-	
Chromatic	ity of blue	У		Typ0.03	0.098	Typ.+0.03	1	
Luminanc	e of white	Y <sub>L</sub>		360	450		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	[Note 4]
Luminance	uniformity	$\delta_{\mathrm{W}}$		-	-	1.25	-	[Note 6]

<sup>\*</sup> Optical characteristics are based on SHARP standard module.

[Note] The optical characteristics are measured using the following equipment.

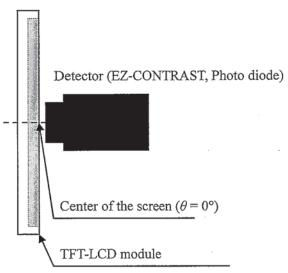


Fig.3-1 Measurement of viewing angle range and response time.

(Viewing angle range: EZ-CONTRAST Response time: Photo diode)

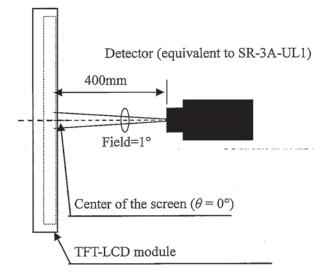
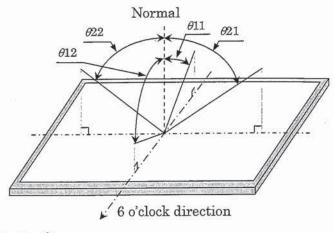


Fig.3-2 Measurement of Contrast, Luminance and Chromaticity.

<sup>\*</sup>The measurement shall be executed 60 minutes after turning on.

[Note 1] Definitions of viewing angle range:

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center



[Note 2] Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

### [Note 3] Definition of response time

The response time  $(\tau_{DRV})$  is defined as the following equation and shall be measured by switching the input signal from "any level of gray (0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%)" to "any level of gray (0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%)".

	0% .	25%	50%	75%	100%
0%		tr: 0%-25%	tr: 0%-50%	tr: 0%-75%	tr: 0%-100%
25%	td: 25%-0%		tr: 25%-50%	tr: 25%-75%	tr: 25%-100%
50%	td: 50%-0%	td: 50%-25%		tr: 50%-75%	tr: 50%-100%
75%	td: 75%-0%	td: 75%-25%	td: 75%-50%		tr: 75%-100%
100%	td: 100%-0%	td: 100%-25%	td: 100%-50%	td: 100%-75%	

$$\tau_{DRV} = \Sigma(t^*:x-y)/20$$

t\*:x-y...response time from level of gray(x) to gray(y)

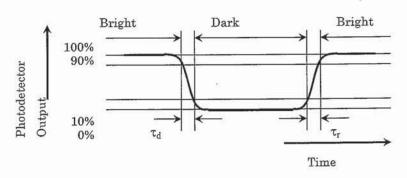


Fig.4 Response time of fall  $(\tau_d)$  and rise  $(\tau_r)$ 

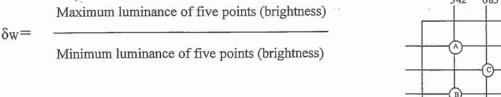
[Note 4] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

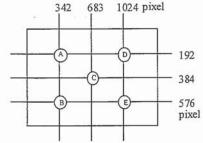
[Note 5] This value is valid when O/S driving is used at typical input timing.



[Note 6] Definition of white uniformity;

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements. (A-E)





### 9. Reliability

Reliability test item:

No.	Test item		Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60°C 240h	
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-25°C 240h	
3	High temperature and high humidity operation test	Ta=40°C; 95%RH (No condensation)	240h
4	High temperature operation test	Ta=50°C 240h	
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta=0°C 240h	At

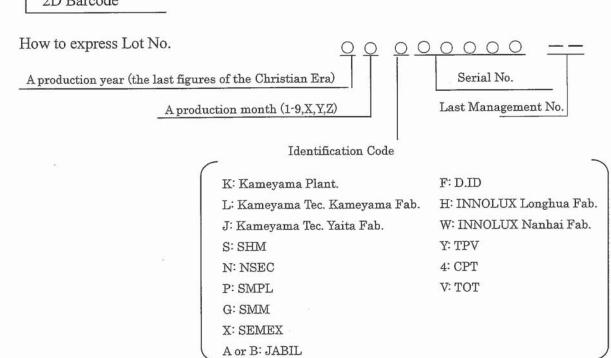
Above tests are executed under the CCFL module conditions.

#### 10. Label

#### 10.1. Lot No. label

The label stuck on a cell surface displays SHARP, product model (LK315T3HA48) and a product Lot No. (ex.) [LK315T3HA48] JAPAN PRODUCTION

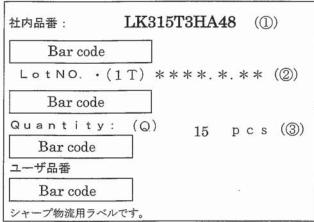






#### 10.2. Packing label

Cell box



社内品番:	LK315T3HA48 (①)
Bar cod	e
LotNO.	(1T) ****. *. ** (2)
Bar cod	
Quantit	<u>/: (Q)</u> 210 pcs (③)
Bar code	
ユーザ品番	<del></del>
Bar code	
シャープ物流用ラー	ベルです。

- ① Management No
- 2 Lot No. (Date)
- ③ Quantity

### 11. Packing form

- a) Piling number of cartons: 14 cell box / 1 palette.
- b) Packing quantity in one cell box: 15 pcs
- c) Carton size: 1165(W) × 875(D) × 1032(H)
- d) Total mass of one carton filled with full modules: 280 kg(Max) Please refer to Fig.7

#### 12. Carton storage condition

- a) Temperature: 0°C to 40°C
- b) Humidity: 95%RH or less

Reference condition: 20°C to 35°C, 85%RH or less (summer)

: 5°C to 15°C, 85%RH or less (winter)

The total storage time (40°C, 95%RH): 240H or less

c) Sunlight:

Be sure to shelter a product from the direct sunlight.

d) Atmosphere:

Do not store in a place where exists the risk of corrosive gas (such as acid and alkali) or volatile solvents.

e) Prevent condensation:

Be sure to put cartons on a palette or base, don't put it on the floor, and store them keeping off the wall. Please take care of ventilation in storehouse and around cartons, and control temperature not to change abruptly beyond the natural environment.

f) Storage life: 1 year



#### 13. Precautions

- a) Because the Open-Cell is weak to static electricity, please do not touch the terminal with bare hands.
- b) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- c) Since long contact with drops of water may cause discoloration or spots, please wipe off them as soon as put on the screen.
- d) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- e) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- f) Precautions of peeling off the protection film:
  - Be sure to peel off slowly (recommended more than 7sec) and constant speed.
  - Peeling direction shown in Fig. 5.
  - Be sure to ground person with adequate methods such as the anti-static wrist band.
  - Be sure to ground S-PWBs while peeling off the protection film.
  - Ionized air should be blown to the surface while peeling off.
  - The protection film must not touch drivers and S-PWBs.
  - If adhesive may remain on the polarizer after the protection film peeled off, please remove with isopropyl-alcohol.

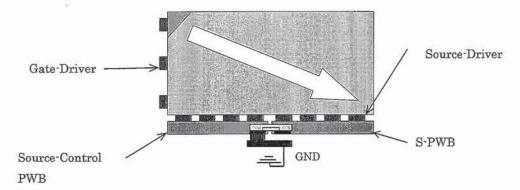


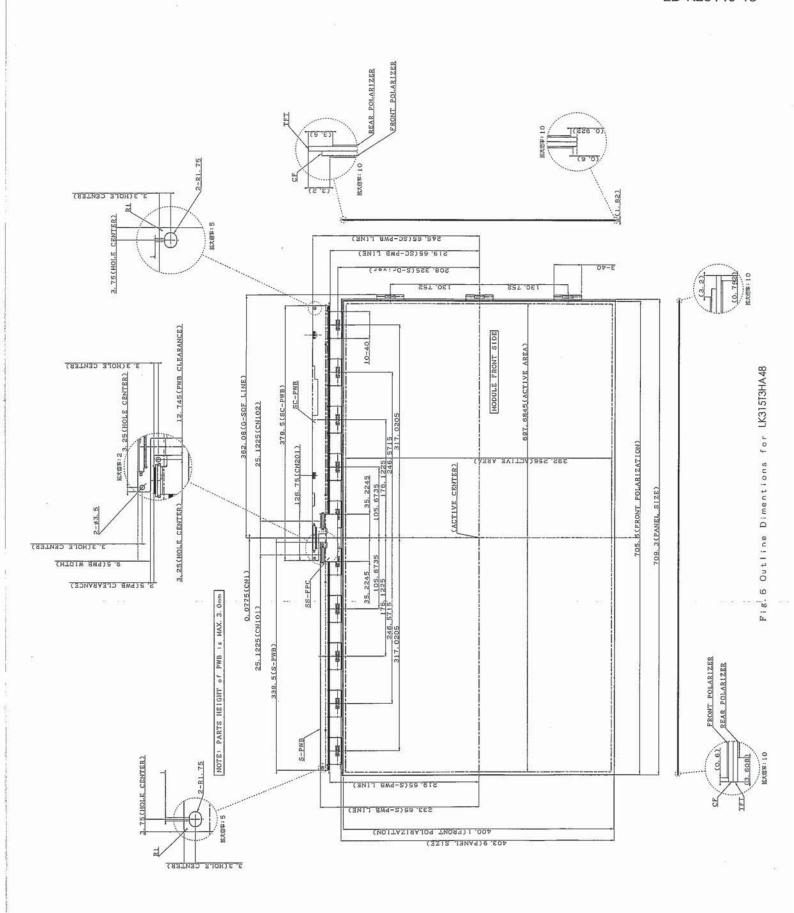
Fig.5 Direction of peeling off

- g) Since the Open-Cell consists of TFT and electronic circuits with CMOS-ICs, which are very weak to electrostatic discharge, persons who are handling a Open-Cell should be grounded through adequate methods such as an anti-static wrist band. Connector pins should not be touched directly with bare hands.
  - ·Reference: Process control standard of sharp

	item	Management standard value and performance standard				
1	Anti-static mat(shelf)	1 to 50 [Mega ohm]				
2	Anti-static mat(floor, desk)	1 to 100 [Mega ohm]				
3	Ionizer	Attenuate from $\pm 1000V$ to $\pm 100V$ within two seconds.				
4	Anti-static wrist band	0.8 to 10 [Mega ohm]				
5	Anti-static wrist band entry and ground resistance	Below 1000 [ohm]				
6	Temperature	22 to 26 [°C]				
7	Humidity	60 to 70 [%]				

- h) Since the Open-Cell has some PWBs, please take care to keep them off any stress or pressure when handling or installing the Open-Cell, otherwise some of electronic parts on them may be damaged.
- i) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- j) Be sure to design the module and cabinet so that the Open-Cell can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.

- k) When handling and assembling Open-Cells into module and cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of materials such as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the Open-Cell.
- 1) Applying too much force and stress to PWBs and drivers may cause a malfunction electrically and mechanically.
- m) The Open-Cell has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to EMI should be done by system manufactures.
- n) Please be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.
- o) The chemical compound, which causes the destruction of ozone layer, is not being used.
- p) This Open-Cell module is corresponded to RoHS.
- q) When any question or issue occurs, it shall be solved by mutual discussion.



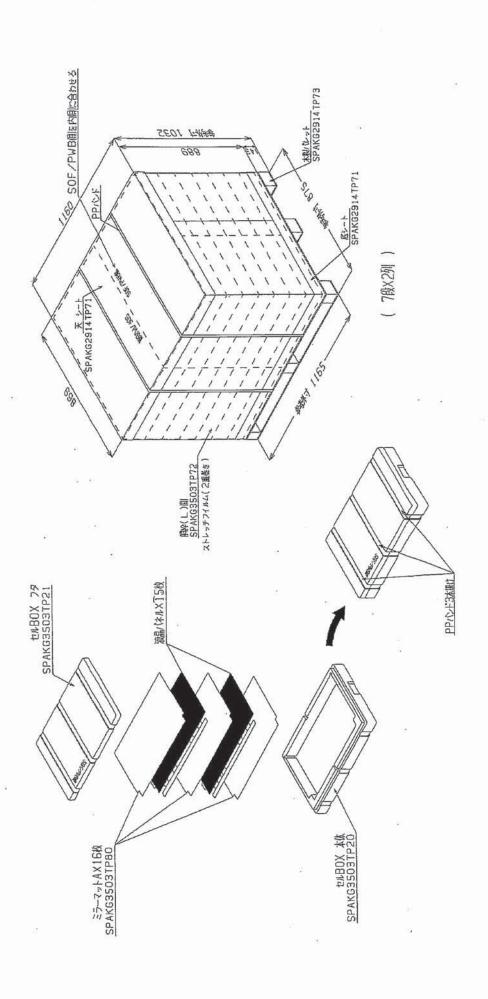


Fig.7 Packing form for LK315T3HA48